

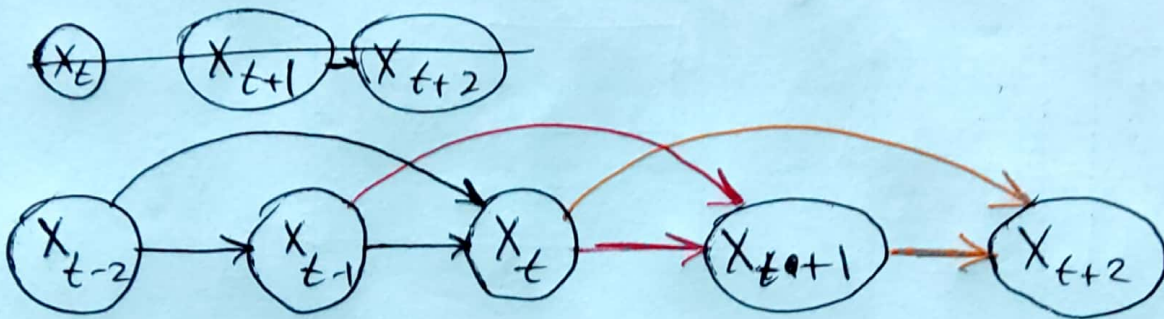
$$X_t = \begin{bmatrix} P_t \\ v_t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_t = \begin{bmatrix} P_t \\ v_t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \Delta t \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P_{t-1} \\ v_{t-1} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_p \\ \epsilon_v \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\epsilon_x \sim \text{P}_{\epsilon_x}$$

$$X_t = A X_{t-1} + \epsilon_x$$

$$P(X_t | X_{t-1}) = P_{\epsilon} (X_t - A X_{t-1})$$



Solution 2

$$\vec{X}_t = \begin{bmatrix} P_t \\ v_t \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \vec{X}_t = \begin{bmatrix} P_t \\ v_t \\ a_t \end{bmatrix}$$

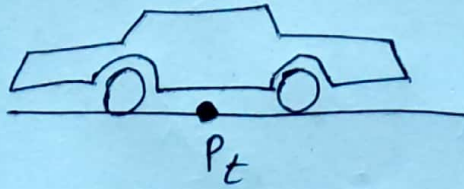
$$\vec{X}_t = \begin{bmatrix} P_t \\ v_t \\ a_t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} P_{t-1} + \Delta t v_{t-1} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t^2 a_{t-1} + \epsilon_p \\ v_{t-1} + \Delta t a_{t-1} + \epsilon_v \\ a_{t-1} + \epsilon_a \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} P_t \\ v_t \\ a_t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \Delta t & \frac{\Delta t^2}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & \Delta t \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P_{t-1} \\ v_{t-1} \\ a_{t-1} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_p \\ \epsilon_v \\ \epsilon_a \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{X}_t = A \vec{X}_{t-1} + \vec{\epsilon}_x$$



O_t gps signal



$$O_t = g_t = P_t + \epsilon_g = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_B \begin{bmatrix} P_t \\ v_t \\ a_t \end{bmatrix} + \epsilon_g$$

\downarrow gps
 \downarrow gps noise

$$O_t = B X_t + \epsilon_0$$

$$P(O_t | X_t) = P_{\epsilon_0}(O_t - B X_t)$$

$$O_t = \begin{bmatrix} \text{gps} \\ \text{acc} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} g_t \\ a'_t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P_t \\ v_t \\ a_t \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_g \\ \epsilon_{a'} \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$O_t = B X_t + \epsilon_0$$

$$P(X_t | O_1 \dots O_{t-1}) = \frac{P(X_t, O_1 \dots O_{t-1})}{\sum_{X_t} P(X_t, O_1 \dots O_{t-1})}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{X_{t-1}} \sum_{X_2} \sum_{X_1} P(X_1 \dots X_t, O_1 \dots O_{t-1})}{0}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{X_{t-1}} \sum_{X_2} \sum_{X_1} P(X_2 | X_1) P(X_3 | X_2) \dots P(X_t | X_{t-1}) P(O_1 | X_1) \dots P(O_{t-1} | X_{t-1})}{0}$$

$$\text{pred}(X_t) = P(X_t | o_1, o_2, \dots, o_{t-1})$$

$$\text{corr}(X_t) = P(X_t | o_1, o_2, \dots, o_t)$$

$$\text{pred}(X_t) = P(X_t | o_1, \dots, o_{t-1}) = \int_{X_{t-1}} P(X_t, X_{t-1} | o_1, \dots, o_{t-1})$$

$$= \sum_{X_{t-1}} P(X_t | X_{t-1}, o_1, o_2, \dots, o_{t-1}) P(X_{t-1} | o_1, \dots, o_{t-1})$$

$$= \sum_{X_{t-1}} P(X_t | X_{t-1}) \text{corr}(X_{t-1})$$

continuous

$$\text{pred}(X_t) = \int P(X_t | X_{t-1}) \text{corr}(X_{t-1}) dX_{t-1}$$

$$\text{corr}(X_t) = P(X_t | o_1, \dots, o_t) = P(X_t | o_1, \dots, o_{t-1}, o_t)$$

$$= \frac{P(o_t | X_t, o_1, \dots, o_{t-1}) P(X_t | o_1, \dots, o_{t-1})}{P(o_t | o_1, \dots, o_{t-1})}$$

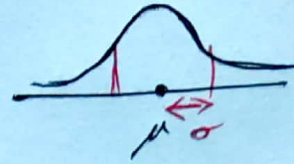
$$= \frac{P(o_t | X_t, o_1, \dots, o_{t-1}) P(X_t | o_1, \dots, o_{t-1})}{\sum_{X'_t} P(o_t, X'_t | o_1, \dots, o_{t-1})}$$

$$= \frac{P(o_t | X_t, o_1, \dots, o_{t-1}) P(X_t | o_1, \dots, o_{t-1})}{\sum_{X'_t} P(o_t | X'_t, o_1, \dots, o_{t-1}) P(X'_t | o_1, \dots, o_{t-1})}$$

$$= \frac{P(o_t | X_t) \text{pred}(X_t)}{\sum_{X'_t} P(o_t | X'_t) \text{pred}(X'_t)}$$

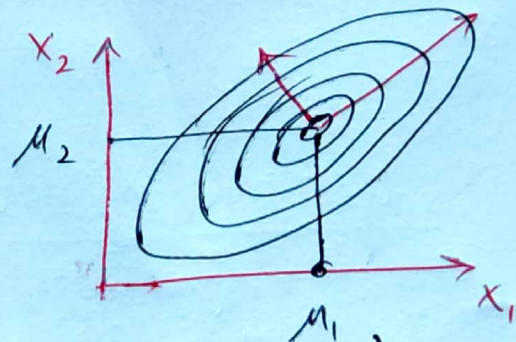
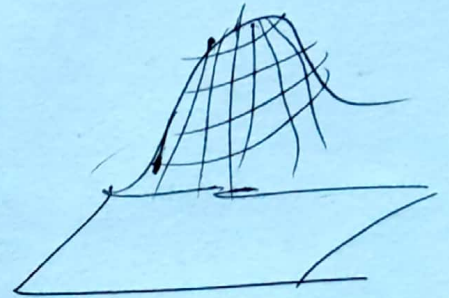
$$= \frac{P(o_t | X_t) \text{pred}(X_t)}{\sum_{X'_t} P(o_t | X'_t) \text{pred}(X'_t)}$$

$$P(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$



$$P\left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}\right) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2} |\Sigma|^{1/2}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (x-\vec{\mu})^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\vec{\mu})\right)$$

$$\mu = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_1 \\ \mu_2 \\ \vdots \\ \mu_n \end{bmatrix} \quad \Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & \sigma_{12} & \sigma_{13} & \dots \\ \sigma_{21} & \sigma_2^2 & & \\ \sigma_{31} & & & \\ \vdots & & & \sigma_n^2 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$P(x_t | x_{t-1}) = \text{Normal}(x_t - Ax_{t-1}; \emptyset, \Sigma_x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2} |\Sigma_x|^{1/2}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (x_t - Ax_{t-1})^T \Sigma_x^{-1} (x_t - Ax_{t-1})\right)$$

observation model

$$P(o_t | x_t) = \text{Normal}(o_t - Bx_t, \emptyset, \Sigma_o)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2} |\Sigma_o|^{1/2}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (o_t - Bx_t)^T \Sigma_o^{-1} (o_t - Bx_t)\right)$$